

## Exercise sheet VIII

June 19 [correction: June 26]

Symmetry transformations  $\widehat{R}$  are closely related to conserved quantities  $T$ : for instance, translational symmetry  $\leftrightarrow$  momentum conservation.

Conversely, the operator  $\widehat{T}$  associated to the conserved quantity generates the symmetry transformation via

$$\widehat{R}(\alpha) = e^{i\alpha\widehat{T}} .$$

**Problem 1** [*Quantum mechanics “warm up”*]

Let  $\widehat{P}$  be the momentum operator. Show that

$$\widehat{S}(\alpha) = \exp(i\alpha\widehat{P}) ,$$

acting on a wave function  $\psi(x)$ , yields the same wave function translated by a length  $\alpha$ , i.e.  $\psi(x + \alpha)$ .

**Problem 2** [*Quantum numbers of QCD states*]

Consider in the following the QCD state

$$|\Phi\rangle = \widehat{u}(\mathbf{x})\gamma_5\widehat{d}(\mathbf{x})|\Omega\rangle .$$

- (i) Spatial rotations w.r.t the  $j$ -axis are realised by the angular momentum/spin operator  $\widehat{J}_j$ :  $\widehat{R}_j(\alpha) = \exp(i\alpha\widehat{J}_j)$ . Their action on quark fields is given by

$$\widehat{R}_j(\alpha)(\widehat{\psi}) = \exp\left(\alpha\epsilon_{jkl}\frac{\gamma^k\gamma^l}{4}\right)\widehat{\psi} .$$

Verify that the state  $|\Phi\rangle$  possesses definite quantum numbers  $J_z$  and  $J^2$  and evaluate them.

- (ii) Isospin-rotations w.r.t the  $j$ -axis are given by  $\widehat{\widetilde{R}}_j(\alpha) = \exp(i\alpha\widehat{I}_j)$ , where  $\widehat{I}_j$  is the isospin operator. Their action on a isospin-doublet of quarks is

$$\widehat{\widetilde{R}}_j(\alpha)\left[\begin{pmatrix} \widehat{u} \\ \widehat{d} \end{pmatrix}\right] = \exp\left(i\alpha\frac{\sigma_j}{2}\right)\begin{pmatrix} \widehat{u} \\ \widehat{d} \end{pmatrix} ;$$

check that  $|\Phi\rangle$  has definite quantum numbers, and calculate them, for the operators  $\widehat{I}_z$  and  $\widehat{I}^2 = \widehat{I}_x^2 + \widehat{I}_y^2 + \widehat{I}_z^2$ .

♣ *Exercise continues on next page!* ♣

- (iii) Parity is a *discrete* symmetry, with eigenvalues  $\pm 1$ . Its action on a quark field is given by  $\widehat{P}(\widehat{\psi}) = \gamma^0 \widehat{\psi}$ . What is the parity (if defined) of  $|\Phi\rangle$ ?
- (iv) Browse the PD-Booklet and infer which hadron(s) may have a nonzero overlap with the trial state  $|\Phi\rangle$ .
- (v) Argue, for  $t \rightarrow +\infty$ , the following behaviour for the correlation function in the Euclidean formulation of QCD:

$$\langle \Phi(t) | \Phi(0) \rangle \sim e^{-mt} .$$

Which hadronic mass corresponds to  $m$ ?

- (vi) Repeat the above steps to identify the state

$$|\Phi'\rangle = \widehat{u}(\mathbf{x}) \gamma_j \widehat{d}(\mathbf{x}) |\Omega\rangle .$$