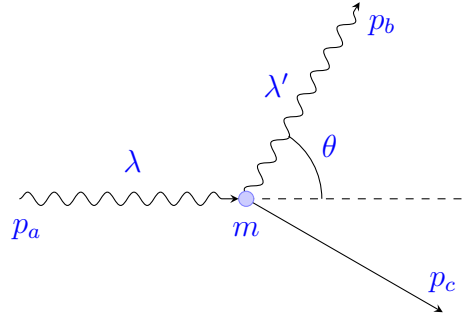


## Exercise sheet III

November 2 [correction: November 9]

**Problem 1** [*Compton scattering*] A photon of wavelength  $\lambda$  scatters on a particle of mass  $m$  at rest. Find the new photon wavelength  $\lambda'$ , provided the scattering angle is  $\theta$ .



**Problem 2** [*Pauli equation*] A) Starting from the Schrödinger equation, use *minimal substitution* to show that in the presence of a constant and homogeneous magnetic field,  $\mathbf{B}$ , a spin zero particle's wave equation can be written as

$$i \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \varphi = \frac{1}{2m} [\mathbf{p}^2 - q \mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{B}] \varphi,$$

where  $q$  and  $m$  are the electric charge and the mass of the particle, respectively.

B) Derive the *Pauli equation*

$$i \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \varphi = \frac{1}{2m} [\mathbf{p}^2 - q(\mathbf{L} + g\mathbf{S}) \cdot \mathbf{B}] \varphi,$$

as the non-relativistic limit of the Dirac equation. What is the value of  $g$ ?

**Note:** The above two equations are valid in the *weak field approximation*, where only the first power of the electromagnetic potential is kept. Moreover, consider that the electric field is homogeneous.

**Hint (minimal substitution):** The principle of minimal coupling says that any derivative,  $\partial_\mu$ , acting on a charged field (with charge  $e$ ) has to be replaced by the covariant derivative,  $\partial_\mu \rightarrow \partial_\mu + ieA_\mu$ .

**Problem 3** [*Continuity equation (Dirac)*] Use the Dirac equation and its adjoint to derive a continuity equation. Show that the four-current is given by

$$j^\mu = \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \psi.$$

Is  $j^0 \equiv \rho$  positive? Prove it.