

Naturp exam I

(1)

$$(1) \vec{F} = (Ry + QE - Mg) \vec{e}_y \quad ; \quad R_y = \frac{Mg}{2R}$$

$$\Rightarrow E = \frac{Mg - R_y}{Q} = \frac{Mg}{2Q}$$

(2) Set $\vec{r}' = \vec{r} - (a\vec{e}_x + b\vec{e}_y)$ then Q on disk of new coord. system. Thus

$$\frac{\partial V(\vec{r}')}{\partial r'_i} = -\frac{\beta Q}{r'^3} \Rightarrow V(\vec{r}') = \frac{\beta Q}{5r'^5} = \frac{\beta Q}{5\sqrt{(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 + z^2}^5}$$

$$= V(\vec{r})$$

$$(3) (a) \Phi_E = \int_S d\vec{S} \cdot \vec{E}$$

$$d\vec{S} = dx dy \vec{e}_z \Rightarrow \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{S} = 0 \Rightarrow \Phi_E = 0$$

$$(b) d\vec{S} = dy dz \vec{e}_x \Rightarrow d\vec{S} \cdot \vec{E} = \lambda dy dz = \text{const.}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Phi_E = A\lambda = \frac{\pi R^2}{4} \lambda$$

$$(c) d\vec{S} = dx dz \vec{e}_y = \beta x^2 dx dz$$

rectangle: $x \in (0, L)$; $y \in (0, W)$

$$\Phi_E = \int_{\text{rectangle}} d\vec{S} \cdot \vec{E} = \int_0^L dx \int_0^W dy \beta x^2 = \frac{\beta}{3} L^3 W$$

$$(4) \vec{E}(\vec{r}) = \int_{z'=-\infty}^{z'=0} \frac{dQ(\vec{r}')}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{\vec{r} - \vec{r}'}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3}$$

$$dQ = \lambda dz'$$

~~z~~ z

(2)

$$|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + (z - z')^2} = \sqrt{s^2 + (z - z')^2}$$

$$\vec{E} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dz' \frac{\lambda}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{s \vec{e}_s + (z - z') \vec{e}_z}{\sqrt{s^2 + (z - z')^2}^{3/2}}$$

$E_z = 0$ due to axis symmetry of i-ward. Thus we need

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dz' \frac{1}{\sqrt{s^2 + (z - z')^2}^{3/2}} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dz' \frac{1}{\sqrt{s^2 + z'^2}^{3/2}}$$

$$z' = s \cosh u$$

$$dz' = s \sinh u \, du$$

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} du \, s \sinh u \frac{1}{s^3 \cosh^3 u}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} du \frac{1}{\cosh^2 u} = \frac{1}{s^2} \tanh u \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = \frac{2}{s^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{E} = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{\vec{e}_s}{s}$$