Exercise 1: Connected functions (2+3+3=8 points)

Consider an interacting, scalar quantum field theory with generating functional Z[J]. Using the generating functional for the connected Green's functions $W[J] = \log Z[J]$, show the following relations $(\langle ... \rangle = \langle \Omega | T(...) | \Omega \rangle)$

i) For the one-point function

$$\langle \phi(x_1) \rangle = \langle \phi(x_1) \rangle_c = \langle \phi \rangle.$$
 (1)

ii) For the two-point function

$$\langle \phi(x_1)\phi(x_2)\rangle = \langle \phi(x_1)\phi(x_2)\rangle_c + \langle \phi \rangle^2.$$
(2)

iii) For the three-point function

$$\langle \phi(x_1)\phi(x_2)\phi(x_3)\rangle = \langle \phi(x_1)\phi(x_2)\phi(x_3)\rangle_c$$

$$+ \langle \phi\rangle \left(\langle \phi(x_1)\phi(x_2)\rangle_c + \langle \phi(x_2)\phi(x_3)\rangle_c + \langle \phi(x_1)\phi(x_3)\rangle_c\right) + \langle \phi\rangle^3.$$

$$(3)$$

Exercise 2: Dyson-Schwinger equation (4+4=8 points)

Consider an euclidean, real scalar field theory with a $\mathcal{L}_{int}[\phi] = \frac{\lambda}{4!}\phi^4$ interaction. In the lecture you derived the Dyson-Schwinger equation for a scalar field theory with generating functional Z[J],

$$\left(-\frac{\delta S[\phi]}{\delta\phi(x)}\left[\frac{\delta}{\delta J}\right] + J(x)\right)Z[J] = 0.$$
(4)

Use this expression to derive exact equations that are satisfied

- i) by the two- and four-point (with three points identified) functions.
- ii) by the four- and six-point (with three points identified) functions.

Exercise 3: Connected Green's functions and the effective action (4 points) In the lecture you have found the following relations between amputated Green's functions G_n^a and the proper vertices $\Gamma^{(n)}$, for a general action $S[\phi]$

$$\Gamma^{(1)}(x) = 0$$

$$\Gamma^{(2)}(x_1, x_2) = S(x_1, x_2) = [G_2^c(x_1, x_2)]^{-1}$$

$$\Gamma^{(3)}(x_1, x_2, x_3) = -G_3^a(x_1, x_2, x_3)$$

$$\Gamma^{(4)}(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = -G_4^a(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) + \int G_3^a(x_1, x_2, y) G_2^c(y, z) G_3^a(x_3, x_4, z) d^4 y d^4 z$$

$$+ 2 \text{ permutations.}$$
(5)

Identify the permutations and use the relations to give the connected Green's functions

$$G_3^c(x_1, x_2, x_3)$$
 and $G_4^c(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)$, (6)

as functions of $\Gamma^{(i)}$.

What happens in the special case of ϕ^4 -theory?