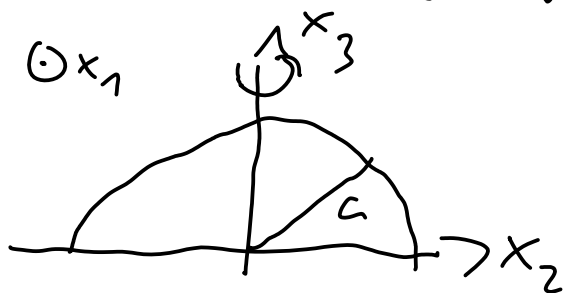


Aufg. 2

Volumen einer Halbkugel



Kartesische: $x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = a^2$

(a) $x_3 = +\sqrt{a^2 - x_1^2 - x_2^2}$; $x_1^2 + x_2^2 \leq a^2$

(b)
$$V = \int_{-a}^a dx_1 \int_{-\sqrt{a^2 - x_1^2}}^{\sqrt{a^2 - x_1^2}} dx_2 \sqrt{a^2 - x_1^2 - x_2^2}$$
$$= \int_{-a}^a dx_1 \frac{\pi}{2} (a^2 - x_1^2) = \pi \int_0^a dx_1 (a^2 - x_1^2)$$
$$= \pi \left[a^2 x_1 - \frac{1}{3} x_1^3 \right]_0^a = \frac{2}{3} \pi a^3$$

(c) Kreis: $\vec{x} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} R \cos \varphi \\ R \sin \varphi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$; $r \in [0, a]$
 $\varphi \in [0, 2\pi]$

$$d^2 \vec{f} = dr d\varphi \partial_r \vec{x} \times \partial_\varphi \vec{x}$$

$$= dr d\varphi R \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi \\ \sin \varphi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} -\sin \varphi \\ \cos \varphi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= dr d\varphi R \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow d^2 f = |d^2 \vec{f}| = dr d\varphi R$$

$$V = \int_{K_a} d^2 f \sqrt{a^2 - R^2} = \int_0^a dR \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi R \sqrt{a^2 - R^2}$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^a dR \underline{R \sqrt{a^2 - R^2}}$$

subst.: $u = a^2 - R^2 \Rightarrow du = -2R dR$

$$V = -\pi \int_{a^2}^0 du \sqrt{u} = \pi \int_0^{a^2} du \sqrt{u} = \frac{2}{3} \pi u^{3/2} \Big|_0^{a^2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \pi a^3$$

(d) $\vec{r} = r \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi \sin \vartheta \\ \sin \varphi \sin \vartheta \\ \cos \vartheta \end{pmatrix}$; $d^3 r = dr d\vartheta d\varphi r^2 \sin \vartheta$

($r = |\vec{r}|$)

$$V = \int_0^a dr \int_0^{\pi/2} d\vartheta \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi r^2 \sin \vartheta$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^a dr \int_0^{\pi/2} d\vartheta r^2 \sin \vartheta$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^a dr r^2 \left[-\cos \vartheta \right]_{\vartheta=0}^{\pi/2}$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^a dr r^2 = 2\pi \left[\frac{1}{3} r^3 \right]_{r=0}^a = \frac{2}{3} \pi a^3$$

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